ISO RM standards

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DLM Forum

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Overview

- ISO context: TC46/SC11
- ISO 23081 metadata standard
- Other related work on metadata
- Revision ISO 15489 records management

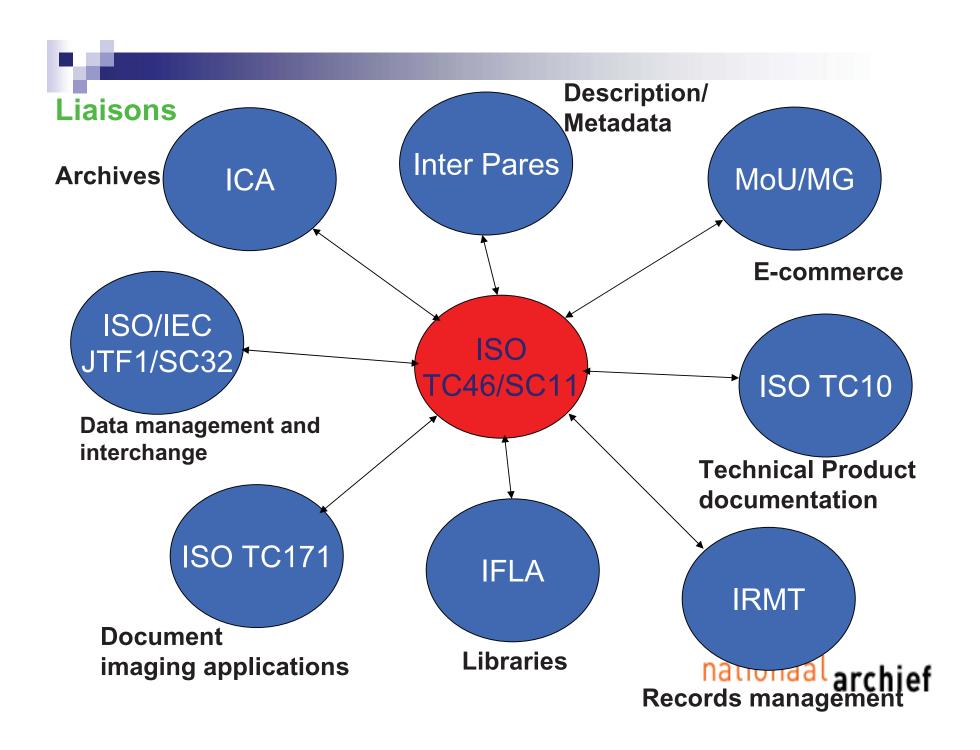




ISO context

- Technical Committee (TC) 46 Information and documentation, Subcommittee (SC) 11 records and archives management
- Started in 1997
- 25 countries (members) + 10-15 observing countries
- 7 working groups
- Published:
 - ☐ ISO DIS 15489:2001
 - ☐ ISO TS 23081-1: 2004; DIS in 2005
 - □ ISO FDIS 22310: (2005?)







TC46/SC11: Working Groups

- 01: Metadata for records
- 02: RM relationships (suspended)
- 03: Access rules
- 04: Self-assessment/ compliance guide (suspended)
- 05: Review ISO 15489
- 06: Work process analysis
- 07: Long term preservation of digital records





ISO 23081: Metadata for records

- Further extension of ISO 15489 records management standard
- Scope: to help people understand metadata from a records management perspective
- At the moment: not to develop a new metadata set
- First technical specification, now a standard





ISO 23081 Part 1, Principles

- Purpose and definition of RM metadata
- Roles and responsibilities
- Relationship to other metadata domains
- Management of metadata
- Types of metadata required for ISO 15489



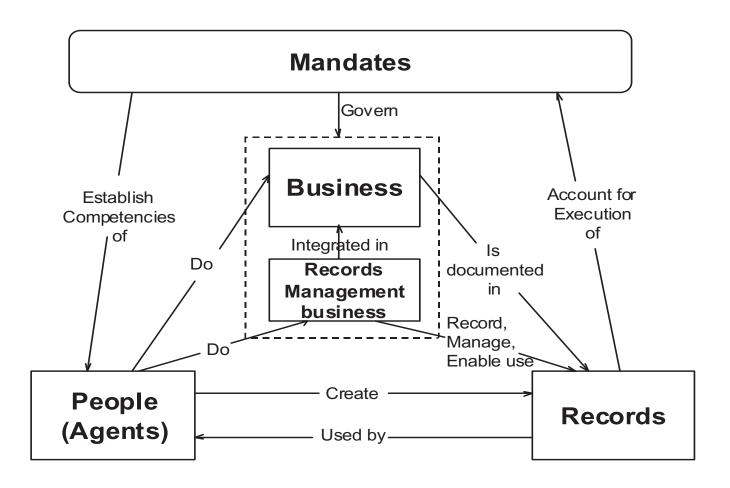


RM metadata: definition

- "In a records management context, metadata are data describing the context, content and structure of records and their management through time (ISO 15489-1, Clause 3.12).
- As such metadata are structured or semistructured information that enables the creation, registration, classification, access, preservation and disposition of records through time and within and across domains."









Part 2, Implementation issues

- The business perspective / context
- Policy issues and responsibilities
- Developing metadata framework
 - □ conceptual issues
 - □ design and construction
- Implementation issues
 - □ system design issues
 - □ metadata management
- Scenarios (different contexts)
- Checklist(s) for implementation





ISO 23081 Part 3

- Assessment of existing metadata sets against ISO 15489 / ISO 23081-1
- Based upon InterPares work
 - □ metadata schema registry
- Includes recordkeeping and archival metadata sets and schemas, such as Dublin Core, ISAD/G, EAD, ISAAR, RKMS (Australia, Canada, UK, ...)
- How do they accommodate the standard: strengths and weaknesses?

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InterPARES 2 Metadata Registry

- Description of metadata sets/schemas
- Analysis based upon
 - □ criteria from InterPARES 1
 - □ ISO/ DIS 23081 1
- Need to standardize the way metadata schemas are documented
- Basis for providing services
 - automated translation/ conversion between metadata schemas
- Public version available soon





Result

- The collaborative work of IP and SC11 will
 - provide guidance to organizations for developing their own RK metadata sets
 - enable better understanding of different sets
 - □ enable cross-walks, and
 - promote interoperability





Issues

- Copyright of contents of database (done by different partners)
- Sustainability of metadata registry (for reference and validation)
- How to achieve interoperability within, i.e. recordkeeping and archives, and outside the domain, e.g. e-business?



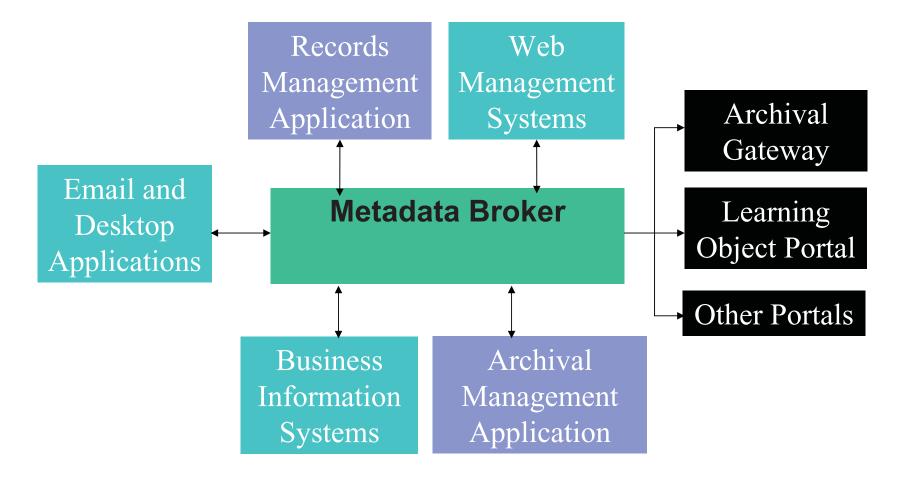


Other developments

- Clever Recordkeeping Metadata Project in Australia (Monash, NAA, SRANSW, ASA, together with UCLA)
 - ☐ Create once, use many times
 - Objective: to develop tools for automatic capture and clever re-use of metadata for record keeping
 - Metadata broker concept
- San Diego Supercomputer Centre meta-tool initiatives
 - □ Automated metadata extraction
- TC10 (technical documentation), TC171 (scanned images, document management), e-commerce, ISO/IEC JTC1/SC32



CRKM Metadata Broker v-n







Review of ISO 15489

- Started in 2004 with questionnaire (worldwide)
- About 420 responses
 - □ Used to scope review
- Includes technical report (ISO 15489-2)





Review

- To clarify some parts and to make it more concise
 - □ Easier to use and understand
 - □ Work done in conjunction with revising part 2 (technical report)
- To be published by the end of 2006 or beginning of 2007





Review: principles

- Broader audience, more focus on senior / executive management
- RM should be seen as intrinsic to doing business
 - □ totally integrated with business
- Scaleable depending on the business or organisation
- Certification ?





Review of ISO 15489 Part 2: practical guidance

- Audience: records professionals
- Discussion
 - ☐ How to structure?
 - ☐ Role of DIRKS
 - □ Level of detail?
- To be published: 2008 (target date)





Summary

- Standardisation
 - International consensus
 - Broad audience, not only RM professionals, but also senior management!
 - □ It helps to raise the profile of records management
 - □ Providing guidance to the communities involved
- Need to collaborate, within and between domains, on metadata issues, because of
 - complexity,
 - □ to achieve interoperability, and
 - □ to get support
- It sets also the stage for archives / archival institutions

