

Openness, Growth, Evolution, and Closure in Archival Information Systems Lessons from NARA's Experience

September 2008

Kenneth Thibodeau, Director Electronic Records Archives Program National Archives and Records Administration IEEE Symposium on Mass Storage Systems & Technologies Open Grow Close **Archival Information System**

Conceptually: "an archive, consisting of an organization of people and systems, that has accepted the responsibility to preserve information and make it available for a **Designated Community.**"

Evolve

 ISO Reference Model for an Open Archival Information System (OAIS). ISO 14721:2003

Empirically: the National Archives' Open Archival Information System, the **Electronic Records Archives**

Open Grow Close What is the Electronic Records Archives (ERA)?

ERA is the system the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) is developing to

Evolve

Reengineer and automate the lifecycle management of all types of records of the **U.S.** Government

Preserve and provide sustained access to electronic records of the U.S. Government







ERA Search and Access System Development

Initial Focus:

Open Grow Close

Evolve

- Electronic records of the Executive Office of the President, G W. Bush
- Presidential Libraries
- **●** ≥100 TB
- Functions:
 - Rapid ingest & indexing
 - Transformation to more accessible form.
 - Archival storage
 - Full content search
 - Basic case management for special requests

Open Grow Close

Evolve

Future Development

- Public Access to
 - Any information about records
 - Ordering of copies of records
 - Electronic records stored in the system
- Long-term preservation of electronic records
 - Ability to use a variety of techniques simultaneously and over time
- Review and redaction of sensitive content
- Support for Federal Records Centers
- Exponential growth in stored data





An Archival Information System needs to be open to

New types of electronic records

Rising and changing user expectations

Creative approaches to meeting the challenges of electronic records and demanding users.



An Archival Information System needs to be open to

New types of electronic records

Rising and changing user expectations

Creative approaches to meeting the challenges of electronic records and demanding users.

New Types of Records: Geographic Information Systems

Open







New Types of Records: Critical Infrastructure Data



New Types of Records: Virtual Reality: Crime Scene Investigation





New Types of Records: Medical Tests and Observations

















Creative Approaches

- The conceptual apparatus we bring to bear on
 - -The nature of records
 - -Requirements for preserving records
 - -Requirements for serving users

Creative approaches: Partnerships

Open







- An Archival Information System needs to be able to grow to
 - Process, store and provide access to increasing volumes of electronic records
 - Accommodate increasing numbers of users and frequency of use



Increasing Volumes of Digital Information

- In 2006, the amount of digital information created, captured, and replicated was ...281 exabytes or 281 billion gigabytes. This is about 3 million times the information in all the books ever written.
- By 2011, the digital universe will be 10 times the size it was in 2006.
- Not all information created and transmitted gets stored, but by 2011, almost half of the digital universe will not have a permanent home.
- The number of electronic information "containers" files, images, packets, tag contents — is growing 50% faster than the number of gigabytes. The information created in 2011 will be contained in more than 20 quadrillion — 20 million billion — of such containers
 - IDC. The Diverse and Exploding Digital Universe. An Updated Forecast of Worldwide Information Growth Through 2011. March 2008













An Archival Information System needs to be able to evolve in response to

Changing Information Technology

- Obsolescence
- Opportunities

Changing business requirements



An Archival Information System needs to be able to evolve in response to

Changing Information Technology

- Obsolescence
- Opportunities

Changing business requirements

Evolve

Obsolescence of Formats of Electronic Records

- Strategy: Preservation and Access Levels
 - Common:
 - Retain records in original formats
 - Basic Level:
 - Use original or contemporary software for access
 - Enhanced Level
 - Create new version in current format, or
 - Use new software for access to original format
 - Ideal Level
 - Create version in persistent format, or
 - Create persistent software for management and access

Evolve

Obsolescence of Formats of Electronic Records

- ERA System Architecture:
 - Does not prescribe specific preservation solutions
 - Allows a variety of different software tools to be introduced and used for different formats.
 - Enforces archival requirements





An Archival Information System needs to be able to evolve in response to

Changing Information Technology

- Obsolescence
- Opportunities

Changing business requirements


An Archival Information System needs to be able to evolve in response to

Changing Information Technology

- Obsolescence
- Opportunities

Changing business requirements



Evolve Changing Information Technology: Service Oriented Architecture



ERA Hardware Block Diagram -2007 0823 (Tab: 11R2 U/USBU Detailed Block) Updated 24 Aug 2007

2/4Gb Fibre Channel

Evolve

Service Oriented Architecture As Built



Evolution

An Archival Information System needs to be able to evolve in response to

- -Changing Information Technology
 - Obsolescence
 - Opportunities
- -Changing business requirements

Evolution

An Archival Information System needs to be able to evolve in response to

- -Changing Information Technology
 - Obsolescence
 - Opportunities
- -Changing business requirements



Evolution of Business Requirements



Requirements

Technical Solutions

Evolve Records Schedule: Current

Request for Records Disposition Authority		Leave Blank (NARA Use Only)				
(See Instructions on reverse) To: National Archives and Records Administration (NIR) Washington, DC 20408						
1. From: (Agency or establishment)			Date Received			
2. Major Subdivision 3. Minor Subdivision		Notification to Agency in accordance with the provisions of 44 U.S.C. 3303a, the disposition request, in- cluding amendments, is approved exception items that may be marked "disposition not approved" or "withdiswe" in column 10.				
 Name of Person with whom to confer 	5. Telephone (include area code)	Date	Arch	Archivist of the United States		
periods specified; and that written concurrence fro Guidance of Federal Agencies: Is not required is attached	not now needed for the business of m the General Accounting Office, ur d has been i	this agency or w nder the provision	II not be nee	ded after the retention of the GAO Manual for		
Signature of Agency Representative	Title			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)		
7. Item 8. Description of item and Number	Proposed Disposition	1	9. GRS or Superseded Job Citation	10. Action taken (NARA Use Only)		

Evolve

Create Schedule Item

Temporary Records

General		General			
Item ID:	*Title:	*Title:		Item ID:	
*Description:		*Description:			
Does agency have an associated manual? 🔍 Yes 🔍 No	Records Schedule ID: DAI-PENDING-2008-0051	Does agency have an associate	d manual? 🔍 Yes 🔍 No	Records Schedule ID:	DAI-PENDING-2008-004
*Manual ID:	Legacy Data: No	*Manual ID:	Records Management Handbook	Legacy Data:	No
*Manual Version:	*GAO Concurrence Required:	*Manual Version:	Version 1.0	*GAO Concurrence Required:	
*Manual Item ID:		*Manual Item ID:	A240314		
ls this a change to an approved schedule? 🌻 Yes 🦻 No			schedule? 🔍 Yes 🔍 No	_	
ls this item media neutral? 🔍 Yes 🌑 No	Do any of the records covered by this item currently exist in electronic format(s) other than e-mail and word processing? 💿 Yes 💿 No	Is this item media neutral?	🖲 Yes 💭 Na	Do any of the records covered by other than e-mail and word proce	/ this item currently exist in e ssing? O Yes O
		Final Disposition			
Final Disposition		*Final Disposition:	 Permanent Temporary 		
*Final Disposition: C Permanent C Temporary		Permanent Disposition Instruc	tions		
Temporary Disposition Instructions Cutoff Instructions:		*Cutoff Instructions:			
		Transfer Instructions		*Accession Instructions	
Transfer Instructions		Records to which these transfer instructions apply:		 Accession immediately of 	
Transfer to:	Time after cutoff when transfer occurs:	*Transfer to:		Accession Accession between	after cut-off years and
*Retention Period		*Time after cutoff when transfer occurs:		C Accession in most recent records in th	year blocks y e block
 Destroy immediately on cut-off 		*Estimated First Transfer:		Other	
O Destroy					
C Destroy between years and years after cut-o	off			*Estimated First Transfer:	
C Retain at least years after cut-off, but longer is authorized	9			*If records are not transferred is transferred_specify	to NARA physical custody w institution that will maintair
C Retain no more than years after cut-off					
C Destroy when no longer needed		Additional Information			
C Destroy years after cut-off or when o	occurs, whichever is sooner	*Estimated Current Volume		Annual Accumulation	
Destroy years after cut-off or when c	occurs, whichever is later	O Electronic/Digital:		 Electronic/Digital: 	
Destroy years after cut-off or years after	occurs, whichever is sooner	O Paper:	cubic feet	C Paper:	cubic feet
O Destroy years after cut-off or years after	occurs, whichever is later	Microform:	microfiche microfilm	C Microform:	microfiche
O Other		 Traditional Special Media: 	Units:	 Traditional Special Media: 	Units:
		O Unknown:		O Unknown:	
		Date Span			

*First year of records accumulation:

*End year of records accumulation:

Permanent Records

Records are still being accumulated

٩

years after cut-o rs after cutoff of

en legal custody

microfilm

_ <u></u>

ulation in





- An Archival Information System needs to be able to provide closure to ensure
 - Preservation and presentation of authentic records
 - Comprehensive lifecycle management of electronic records
 - Consistency with well-established archival science



ERA: a Set of Nested Systems

Outer system

lifecycle management of records of all types

Inner Electronic Records System

Ingest, preservation, disposition, and access to electronic records

Search & Preservation Frameworks

Support a variety of different approaches to different needs

Archival "mini-systems"

Specific, systematic management for each series or aggregate of electronic records



Document v. Record

- A <u>document</u> is a bounded physical representation of a body of information designed with the capacity (and usually intent) to communicate. A document may manifest symbolic, diagrammatic or sensory-representational information. ...
 - <u>en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Docume</u>
 <u>nt</u>
- The information communicated by a document depends on its content and structure.

- A <u>record</u> is a document made or received in the course of a practical activity as an instrument or a by-product of such activity, and set aside for action or reference.
 - <u>http://www.interpares.org/ip2/i</u>
 <u>p2_terminology_db.cfm</u>

• The information communicated by a record depends on its content, structure, and **context**.



Document



Close

Record

Prior Ebenezes Mary W17496 Ebuurer Prior of Enfaild in the Cours Karthan in the state of Counter + 1 1. Testily Leave that I was lefon I de Readly tomony War, well acquainter with derrill Chaffee former by Adams in 7 stilfula that in the 1479 & Chap it a Law of Soracion at it as has do havy of Millita aumandes U Gowerer Theory Enner Me was leafer bean of Bottom in a Rage Born alley. 2 14/10 - C MARRIED aunided by Gole methow Wills of Co I Edineen Prior of Enfuld in the County of Mary Thempson . The way born Gelle 21. Harthow that I served in the sam Marton Altale of Connected of Lawful age Company here westled that & Chaffe E by her hall me following Chuldren va lepan heary that Lewas well acquinter with Service there as aford but cound say Lacat Mills formuly of Berfula now usiding long further to sait not NAMES BORN DIED in Lorgnue & aw in the State of Mapachusts Elen Pre before & during the Revolutionary War, that Comprised They DE 1713 , April September in the year 17 19 in the mouth of august Hary Prior March 5- 17) Subscribed tolevan to M I Sacab Stills auch to New Low and h wit do hereby dialar. a company of men thatter from the Millike Flebury 8 14983 March 25 170. naish jakin of the matter the Command of a Capt leave of Englas Stations In 4. 18 Reben on Botton Mans Mall Sent L arrest, Pros Samuel Bancraft Ensign that he I derved as he states & the G Served at i New too dow about two months artif that the preading deposition of the according to my leve reallection that Know to M. Courd as Cole Somethan Wells of Each Hartford Commanded the Right to which the belonger that the deposition of Charles Pas Brace & ara Chepe that I served in the same Company with by the approvation of Buck before a Mag him during the Term as a Gergeant duly authorized to take the same S & thele Afurther the Separant Saitto nel Charles Preus & Searce Boran an Anyal In Carel as Ouchikk Prems He Jigt B) Sudge Elin Prior 12:5-1841.

What does this document tell us about the U.S. Government?



Archival Aggregate as Directed Graph



Every record has an 'archival bond,' the set of relationships established by an actor between that record and other records of the actor's activity.



Preservation

- Documents can be preserved as individual objects
- Records can only be preserved as ordered sets.
 - →An Archival Information System for records must ensure that
 - Submission Information Packages,
 - Archival Information Packages and
 - Dissemination Information Packages

are managed to respect the original order of records.





 \bigcirc

A Lifecycle Management Plan for a Records Aggregate, such as a series, defines a "Mini-system;" i.e., systematic controls for that aggregate stretching from ingest to dissemination.



